

**ADOPTING THE
FREEBORN COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE LOCAL WATER
MANAGEMENT PLAN
AS THE
COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OF THE FREEBORN SWCD**

Supervisor David Ausen offered the following resolution and moved its adoption.

WHEREAS, the Freeborn SWCD has been an active participant in the development and all updates of the Freeborn County Comprehensive Local Water Management Plan (CLWMP); and

WHEREAS, the Freeborn County CLWMP includes a map and description of the soil classifications within the conservation district; and

WHEREAS, the Freeborn County CLWMP identifies the areas within the conservation district where erosion, sedimentation and related water quality problems are the most severe; and

WHEREAS, the Freeborn County CLWMP has been approved by the BWSR and has been determined to be in compliance with all laws and rules governing water in the State of Minnesota; and

WHEREAS, the Freeborn County CLWMP identifies high priority erosion, sedimentation and water quality problems in accordance with BWSR rules and guidelines.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED:

THAT THE Freeborn SWCD adopts the Freeborn County CLWMP as its Comprehensive Plan for the calendar years 2010 through 2015.

Supervisor Christopher Dahl seconded the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

AYES: 4

NAYS: 0

Signed by: Donald Kopp Title: Chairman Date: 9/9/10

Freeborn SWCD Projected Budget

EXPENDITURES	ADOPTED 2010	PROJECTED 2011	PROJECTED 2012	PROJECTED 2013	PROJECTED 2014	PROJECTED 2015
Personal Services						
Supervisor Comp. & Expenses	\$10,200	\$9,150	\$9,150	\$9,150	\$9,200	\$9,200
Employee Comp. & Expenses	\$169,623	\$173,455	\$175,000	\$177,000	\$179,000	\$181,000
Other Services & Charges						
Office Rent/Shed Rent	\$7,540	\$7,540	\$7,540	\$7,540	\$7,540	\$7,540
Audit Expense	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800
Education & Promo Programs	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$800	\$850	\$900	\$950
Employee Education & Train.	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,200	\$1,300
Fees & Dues	\$8,310	\$8,310	\$5,200	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,800
Insurance (Operations)	\$3,330	\$3,330	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,500	\$3,600
Office Maintenance	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100
Postage & Office Supplies	\$800	\$900	\$400	\$450	\$475	\$500
Misc. Expense	\$200	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300
Vehicle Gas & Maintenance	\$2,500	\$2,000	\$2,100	\$2,150	\$2,250	\$2,275
Field Supplies	\$300	\$300	\$350	\$375	\$400	\$425
Equipment Purchases	\$500	\$1,000	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$500
Project Expense – District	\$15,600	\$15,700	\$14,500	\$14,600	\$14,650	\$14,800
Project Expense - State	\$48,697	\$50,880	\$12,900	\$13,000	\$13,200	\$13,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$270,000	\$275,765	\$234,040	\$237,215	\$240,015	\$242,490
REVENUES	ADOPTED 2010	PROJECTED 2011	PROJECTED 2012	PROJECTED 2013	PROJECTED 2014	PROJECTED 2015
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE						
BWSR C/S Project Grant	\$12,637	\$12,768	\$12,900	\$13,000	\$13,200	\$13,400
BWSR Service Grant	\$22,661	\$18,527	\$24,500	\$24,600	\$24,600	\$25,000
BWSR RIM Service Grant	\$6,269	\$5,161	\$6,025	\$5,250	\$5,250	\$5,300
BWSR RIM/WRP Service	\$0	\$18,000				
BWSR C/S T&A	\$3,160	\$3,192	\$3,200	\$3,250	\$3,300	\$3,350
County Grant	\$141,000	\$149,000	\$152,000	\$155,050	\$157,075	\$158,225
WCA Grant	\$5,000	\$4,315	\$4,315	\$4,315	\$4,315	\$4,315
BWSR Deferred Rev.-Projects	\$52,031	\$38,112				
CHARGES FOR SERVICES						
Tree Sales	\$17,900	\$18,450	\$20,500	\$21,000	\$21,500	\$22,000
Newsletter Ads	\$800	\$800	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Flags, Planter rental	\$550	\$1,340	\$1,100	\$1,150	\$1,175	\$1,200
Misc. Revenues	\$492	\$1,100	\$1,500	\$1,600	\$1,600	\$1,700
INTEREST EARNINGS	\$2,500	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
NRCS Contribution Agreements	\$5,000	\$3,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$270,000	\$275,765	\$234,040	\$237,215	\$240,015	\$242,490

*Audit Expense is pro-rated each year, starting in 1996
(Audit is performed every 3 years, or when revenues reach \$500,000).

FREEBORN COUNTY



Comprehensive Water Plan 2006 - 2015

**FREEBORN COUNTY
COMPREHENSIVE WATER PLAN
2006 – 2015**

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Preface

The Citizens of Freeborn County share a good fortune of living in an area rich in water resources. Generations of families have weaved this land into their homes. A strong tradition of stewardship for land and water protection is reflected in this third generation waterplan. The 2006 – 2015 plan was designed to guide those land and water decisions. It outlines a nine year strategy for addressing these issues.

Protection of the water resources is primarily a responsibility of federal, state and local officials. Freeborn County officials support this water planning strategy and have accomplished resource planning through this local water plan. The citizen partnership in application of water planning goals results in a “protect and improve” attitude toward our surface and ground water resources. We have gained a spirit of cooperation and will continue to foster those accomplishments.

I invite your review of the 2006 – 2015 water plan and seek your assistance in implementation of this plan. Your involvement is critical in protecting, preserving and restoring water quality in Freeborn County.

Chairperson
Freeborn County Water Planning Advisory Committee

INTRODUCTION

Summary

Freeborn County is a gateway into Southern Minnesota. Interstate Freeway 35 W and 90 intersect this area. We are bordered by the State of Iowa to the South, Faribault County to the West, Waseca County and Steele County to the North, and Mower County to the East. This County has a land area of 720 square miles, a 2005 population of 31,997, 14 incorporated cities, and 20 townships. The County Seat is the City of Albert Lea, which is located approximately 100 miles South of Minneapolis, MN. Some 81% of productive land in this County is farmed or used for rotational animal pastures.

Purpose

The purpose of this updated Local Water Management Plan for Freeborn County is:

- 1) To focus efforts on identified existing and potential priority concerns and/or opportunities for protection, management, and development of related water resources and land resources.
- 2) To continue to develop, update and implement this water plan of action to promote sound management of our resources through the use of Best Management Practices.
- 3) To intensify land use practices aimed at effective environmental protection.
- 4) To provide a guidance document for local decision makers.
- 5) To regulate land use practices for the development, management and protection of water and related land resources.

Freeborn County Comprehensive Water Plan 2006 – 2015 establishes priorities in actions related to water quality, water quantity, special land uses and conditions that influence land and water resources.

Priority Concerns

This water plan process produced 13 priority concerns to focus water management efforts through December 31, 2015. The process through which these priority concerns were identified is detailed in Appendix A “Public Participation in the Freeborn County Water Planning Process” document.

Goals and Actions

The following is a summary of the Goals and Actions identified for 2006 – 2015 Priority Concerns:

- 1) Water Wells – protect aquifer from contamination by water wells.
- 2) Sewer Systems – protect surface water and groundwater from individual sewage treatment systems (ISTS) contamination.
- 3) Top Soil – protect and preserve topsoil.
- 4) Wetlands – preserve existing wetlands.
- 5) Feedlots – protect land and water resources from animal waste contamination.
- 6) Municipal Waste Water – protect water resources from municipal waste water contamination.
- 7) Mixed Solid Waste – protect land and water resources from mixed solid waste contamination.
- 8) Hazardous Waste – protect water resources from hazardous waste contamination.
- 9) Storm Water – Work to bring Freeborn County Lakes, ditches, rivers into compliance with TMDL requirements.
- 10) Watersheds – Manage land resource to reduce contamination into surface waters.
- 11) Flooding – control surface water run-off.
- 12) Shoreland – protect and preserve existing shorelands.
- 13) Public Waters – provide recreational opportunities.

Plan Consistency

Freeborn County examined State Agency, other county, Turtle Creek Watershed District and Shell Rock River Watershed District to ensure consistency with their water resource management efforts.

This 2006 – 2015 Water Plan reflects Minnesota Pollution Control Agencies Lower Mississippi River Basin water quality efforts.

This plan incorporates some of Minnesota Department of Natural Resources recently proposed Geneva Lake Management strategies. It contains targeted Best Management Practices from the Blue Earth River Basin total maximum daily load strategies. This Comprehensive Local Water Plan will incorporate Board of Water and Soil Resources proposed grant to study flooding in Mower County, Steele County, and Freeborn County conclusions.

Recommended Amendments

Pursuant to the authority conferred by the State of Minnesota; Freeborn County adopts this 2006 – 2015 Water Plan and includes all provisions of the 1995 – 2005 Water Plan, to promote and protect the public health, safety and general welfare of all inhabitants.

Freeborn County does not see the need for any amendment to other plans and official controls.

FREEBORN COUNTY PRIORITY CONCERNS:

AQUIFERS

In Freeborn County, groundwater exists in unconsolidated glacial deposits and in the underlying bedrock. These bedrock aquifers are among the highest water yielding in the United States. These groundwater supplies contained within the bedrock aquifer are adequate for present and foreseeable needs. Estimated water yields in glacial outwash range from 100 to 500 gallons per minute.

These aquifers are the:

- Cedar Valley – Maquoketa – Galena System
- St. Peter – Prairie du Chien – Jordan System
- Franconia – Ironton – Galesville System
- Mt. Simon – Hinckley System

Current data suggests good hydraulic connection between these bedrock units within each of the four aquifer systems. Most domestic and farm water wells draw supplies from the uppermost bedrock aquifer (Cedar Valley – Maquoketa – Galen Limestones). Specific aquifer recharge or discharge sites have not been identified in this county. A geologic atlas of Freeborn County presents subsurface geologic and hydrologic data is available for review in the Environmental Services Department.

GOAL: **Protect aquifer from contamination by water wells**

Objective: Require proper construction, maintenance, and abandonment of water wells.

Action: Education of MDH Water Well Construction Standards, well sealing procedures and ground water protection strategies

Timeline: On-going

Implementation: Environmental Services Department, Minnesota Department of Health, Extension Agency

Estimated Cost: \$2,000.00 annual – NRBG Grant

Action: Inventory and map existing water wells to prioritize abandonment policy

Timeline: 2008

Implementation: Environmental Services Department, MDH

Estimated Cost: \$5,000.00 – NRBG Grant

Action: Apply for Federal and State Funding to assist landowner sealing water well costs

Timeline: 2007

Implementation: Environmental Services Department

Estimated Cost: NRBG Grant – In-kind

Action: Provide local cost-share funding for water well sealing

Timeline: On-going

Implementation: Freeborn County, Shell Rock River Watershed District, Turtle Creek River Watershed District

Estimated Cost: \$2,000.00 - NRBG Grant

SURFACE WATERS

Freeborn County has 49 lakes covering approximately 21,000 acres. Department of Natural Resources protected waters consist of 21 lake basins, 33 water sources and 18 wetland basins. More than 50% of all these basins are affected by artificial drainage systems. A 1992 MPCA report listed 18 lakes and one river as impaired; these waters are considered hypereutrophic. This is typical for lakes in the western corn belt ecoregion. Water quality is affected by summer algae blooms. Chemical analysis of Freeborn County's surface waters indicate a high level of phosphorus contributing to the algae blooms. However, no public health concerns have been expressed by Federal or State Agencies dealing in surface water quality. Surface water quantity has historically remained stable. No evidence exists to suggest the quantity of surface waters will limit current or future lake uses. Agriculture in Freeborn County is dependent upon the public and private drainage systems; which are more than 350 miles of open ditches.

GOAL: **Protect surface water and groundwater from individual sewage treatment system contamination (ISTS)**

Objective: Require Minnesota Pollution Control Agency approved design, construction and operation of ISTS.

Action: Follow MPCA Water Quality Division ISTS, Chapter 7080

Timeline: On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA

Cost: Two FTE Licensed Inspectors, NRBG

Action: Require licensing of all ISTS Designers, Installers, Pumpers and Septage Haulers

Timeline: On-going

Agency: MPCA, Environmental Services Department

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Provide education to landowners on properly installed and functioning ISTS

Timeline: On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Environmental Services Department, Shell Rock River Watershed, Extension Agency

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Apply for state and local cost-share funds for ISTS

Timeline: On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, Freeborn County

Cost: NRBG In-kind



TOPSOIL

The soils in Freeborn County are mostly deep and loamy. These soils range from tight clays to porous sands and gravels. They formed extensively in glacial till and less extensively in glacial outwash, lacustrine sediments, alluvium and organic material. Varying parent materials, topography and native vegetation reflect the number of different soils present. A digitized soil survey exists for 13 broad soil descriptions. These broad classifications are a detailed inventory of 64 soil types. This general soil map is used for land use planning. Soil erosion has resulted from urban development and farming practices.

GOAL: **Protect and preserve topsoil**

Action: Educate landowners on soil erosion practices

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: SWCD, NRCS, Extension Agency

Cost: \$5,000.00 SWCD Funding

Action: Participate in (Ag BMP) Minnesota Department of Agriculture Best Management Loan Program

Timeline: On-going (Since 1997)

Agency: Freeborn County Environmental Services Department, SWCD

Cost: In-kind NRBG

Action: Implement Minnesota construction site erosion and sediment control planning

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Building Inspectors

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Support enrollment of highly erodible lands into Federal Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), reinvest in Minnesota Program (RIM), Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQUIP)

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: SWCD, NRCS, Freeborn County Commissioners, Environmental Services Department

WETLANDS

Wetlands are lands transitional between terrestrial and aquatic systems that enhance biodiversity. The water table is usually at or near the surface of the land. Freeborn County has an estimated 10,000 acres of pre-settlement wetlands remaining. The following is a summary of Circular 39 Type Wetlands found in the National Wetland Inventory of Freeborn County:

<u>Circular 39 Type</u>	<u>Approximate Acres</u>
1	765
2	246
3	8,800
4	216
5	363
6	278
7	70
Riverine	200

Approximately 95% of the County is considered upland.

Freeborn County Officials support development and maintenance of wetlands for good water quality, serving as reservoirs for flood control, providing fish and wildlife habitat, acting as sediment and nutrient traps and providing recreational opportunities.

GOAL: Preserve existing wetlands

Action: Participate in Wetland Preservation Program (WPA)

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Commissioners, NRCS, SWCD

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Freeborn County, acting as local governing unit for implementation of the Wetland Conservation Act will continue to follow US Corps of Engineers, DNR, BWSR Wetland Regulations

Timeline: On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD

Cost: \$5,000.00 NRBG

Action: Apply for state funding and assistance from MDA and DNR to control invasive species infestations on public and private wetlands

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Complete wetlands inventory and prioritization for protection

Timeline: 2008 – 2010

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD

Cost: \$5,000.00 NRBG

Action: Work to establish Federal, State and Local funding partnerships for wetland restoration land purchase.

Timeline: 2009

Agency: Freeborn County, Shell Rock River Watershed District, Turtle Creek River Watershed District

Cost: Unknown

Action: Develop and implement a 5 year wetland preservation education action plan

Timeline: 2008

Agency: Environmental Services Department, BWSR, DNR, SWCD, Extension Agency, U.S. Corps of Engineers

Cost: \$3,000.00 NRBG



FEEDLOTS

Freeborn County has a detailed feedlot inventory database in the Environmental Services Department. Currently there are 483 feedlots in this county. This inventory shows the following information:

<u>Animal Units</u>	<u>Shoreland Area</u>	<u>Not in Shoreland Area</u>
Less than 10	2	24
10 – 50	9	98
50 – 100	12	135
100 – 300	11	140
300 – 1,000	4	55
1,000 or More	1	14

Freeborn County is a MPCA Delegated County to operate the feedlot permitting process. Existing feedlot sites receive random and scheduled on-site inspections for the feedlot officer or MPCA. When a new feedlot is planned, engineered plans are required for the manure storage pits. A conditional use permit maybe required dependent upon animal units at the site or the location of animal buildings. Land application of animal manure is a potential pollution issue. Specific manure storage requirements, manure application rates, set-back distances from water wells, surface waters and field tile inlets or culverts are enforced with all feedlot sites. Livestock production is an important livelihood in Freeborn County and will continue to be centered in Southern Minnesota.

GOAL: **Protect surface water and groundwater resources from feedlot/animal waste contamination**

Action: Enforce Minnesota Rules Chapter 7020 – MPCA Feedlot Permit Program Standards.

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA

Cost: \$20,000.00 NRBG - .5 FTE

Action: Continue to provide education to feedlot owners/operators on best management of animal waste.

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA, Extension Agency

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Pursue Federal and State Funding to mitigate or eliminate pollution from feedlots and animal manure.

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD, NRCS

Cost: NRBG Grant



MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER

Freeborn County has prioritized municipal waste water treatment to protect their citizens and resources. A Blue Earth River Basin Fecal Coliform TMDL Presentation (February 2006) revealed waterborne pathogens to be present in southern Minnesota streams. Bacteria and Protozoan Parasites present from human waste impair Freeborn County's surface waters. Inadequately or improperly treated human waste impacts surface waters significantly. Currently three incorporated cities within Freeborn County do not have municipal waste water treatment facilities. Local, state and federal agencies are actively assisting all communities with waste water transportation and treatment options.

GOAL: Protect surface water and groundwater from municipal wastewater contamination

Action: Provide assistance to municipalities to construct and maintain wastewater treatment facilities

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Commissioners, Environmental Services Department, MPCA, MDH

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Apply for federal/state/local funding for wastewater treatment facilities

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA, MAP, USDA RD

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Seek priority placement on MPCA Wastewater Infrastructure Fund (WIF) for non-conforming wastewater treatment facilities

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA, MAP

Cost: Unknown

SOLID WASTE

Pollution from landfills or dumpsites is an important concern to Freeborn County residents. If left unmanaged, mixed municipal waste, demolition debris or hazardous waste pose a threat to ground and surface waters. One closed solid waste landfill is managed by the City of Albert Lea. Three permitted demolition landfills are currently operating within Freeborn County. All mixed municipal waste generated within the County is transported and landfilled in the State of Iowa. Clandestine dump sites are recognized, cleaned up and closed. Freeborn County is committed to an effective policy, clearly defined, which applied practices minimize impacts from this pollutant source.

GOAL: **Protect surface water and groundwater from mixed solid waste contamination**

Action: Maintain an effective solid waste management system

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: FTE Solid Waste Officer

Cost: SCORE Funds

Action: Continue countywide recycling program

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: FTE Solid Waste Officer

Cost: SCORE Funds, participant volunteer workers

Action: Continue agricultural waste chemical collections and agricultural waste pesticide container collection programs

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: MDA, Environmental Services Department, Extension Agency

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Provide public education on the reduction, reuse and recycling of solid waste

Timeline: 2006 On-going
Agency: Freeborn County Solid Waste Officer
Cost: SCORE Funds

GOAL: Protect surface water and groundwater resources from hazardous waste pollution

Action: Continue countywide hazardous waste collection program

Timeline: 2006 On-going
Agency: Freeborn County Environmental Services Department, Community Volunteers
Cost: SCORE Funds

Action: Develop public education program for residential/commercial/industrial hazardous waste disposal

Timeline: 2010
Agency: MPCA, Extension Agency, Environmental Services Department
Cost: \$2,000.00 SCORE Funds

Action: Apply for federal/state funds for clandestine dumpsite clean-up

Timeline: 2006 On-going
Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA
Cost: NRBG In-kind, BWSR Challenge Grant

Action: Prompt discussion for legislation at the national level to require manufacturers to label products for proper end disposal

Timeline: 2007
Agency: Environmental Services Department
Cost: SCORE Funds

STORM WATER DRAINAGE

Freeborn County has an extensive drainage system that has a direct effect on water quality/quantity of receiving streams, rivers and lakes. It is our policy to reduce the nutrient and sediment loads carried in these waters. Approximately 400,000 acres of land is cropped, some 1,400 miles of roadway and 350 miles of open ditches are all contributors to storm water issues. We actively address establishment and maintenance of grass filter strips on both sides of ditches and roads. Erosion areas are scattered throughout Freeborn County (small concentration in the north central area). One percent (1%) is considered high erosion in the shoreland district and approximately 6% high erosion in other areas. Freeborn County as a whole consists of 94% low erosion priority area. Although approximately 1% is considered Urban Residential Land Use, they contribute significant amounts of storm water runoff. A surface water sampling effort is underway through the efforts of the Shell Rock River Watershed District that is providing diagnostic data on storm water quality. River, ditch, creek and lake water quality sampling program also continues. The City of Albert Lea is phasing in changes to the storm water catch basins along new urban development areas.

GOAL: **Protect surface waters from storm water drainage of sediment, nutrients and chemicals**

Action: Maintain or improve existing ditch system

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County

Costs: Unknown

Action: Require vegetative buffer strips along public ditches upon redetermination

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County, NRCS, SWCD

Costs: Unknown

Action: Encourage landowners of private ditches to vegetate buffer strips

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County, SWCD, DNR

Action: Educate landowners on land treatment options and available cost-share programs to minimize transport of sediment

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD, BWSR, DNR, Extension Agency

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Identify ditches that contribute excess sediment into surface waters

Timeline: 2008

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD, Shell Rock River Watershed District, Turtle Creek River Watershed District

Cost: \$4,000.00 NRBG

Action: Measure surface water flows and analyze water for nutrient/chemical/sediment loading

Timeline: 2008

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA, SWCD, MDH

Cost: \$3,500.00 NRBG

Action: Follow MPCA Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) recommendations for remediation of waters

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County

Cost: Unknown



WATERSHEDS

The general topographic relief of Freeborn County presents two distinctive features; gently rolling north-south moraines and the depressional basins with boggy and alluvial deposits located to the southeast and eastern areas. Both of these features are products of the last glacial period, and have subsequently affected soil development, vegetation and wildlife habitat. Small hilly areas exist and the most rugged tracts are in Section 16 of Newry Township and Sections 1 and 2 of Pickerel Lake Township (Hills Rise 50 to 100 feet). A majority of this county is drained southeastward through the Shell Rock and Cedar Rivers. The northwestern part drains to the Minnesota River via the LeSuer and Blue Earth River Basins. There are six major watersheds and 74 minor watersheds shaping this topography. An average altitude is about 1,250 feet above sea level, although extremes of altitude are between 1,150 feet above sea level in the northwestern corner to about 1,280 feet above sea level in the central part of the County. An important statement can be made about the watersheds in Freeborn County "We are a headwater County". The fact that water does not drain into this County make water resource protection a priority.

GOAL: **Manage watersheds to reduce bacteria, nutrients, chemicals and sediments from entering surface waters**

Action: Develop an education presentation on point and non-point pollution sources

Timeline: 2009

Agency: Environmental Services Department, MPCA, Extension Agency, SWCD

Cost: \$2,500.00 NRBG

Action: Apply for federal/state/local funding for Land Best Management Practices

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Require erosion and sediment control plan on construction sites (requirement in building permit)

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Building Inspectors

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Assist municipalities on storm-water management issues

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department

Cost: NRBG In-kind

GOAL: Manage watersheds to control surface water run-off

Action: Require post-land development surface water run-off rates not exceed pre-land development run-off rates

Timeline: 2007 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Environmental Services

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Preserve flood plain areas

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Zoning Officials

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Continue to participate in DNR Floodplain Management – MN Chapter 103.F

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Zoning Officials

Cost: NRBG Grant

Action: Apply for federal/state/local funds for construction of riparian buffers

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Continue participation in MN Department of Agriculture Best Management Loan Program

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Agricultural Inspector, SWCD, BWSR

Cost: \$1,000.00 annual administration

Action: Prioritize drained wetlands for use as water holding basins and restore wetland use

Timeline: 2009

Agency: Environmental Services Department, DNR, SWCD

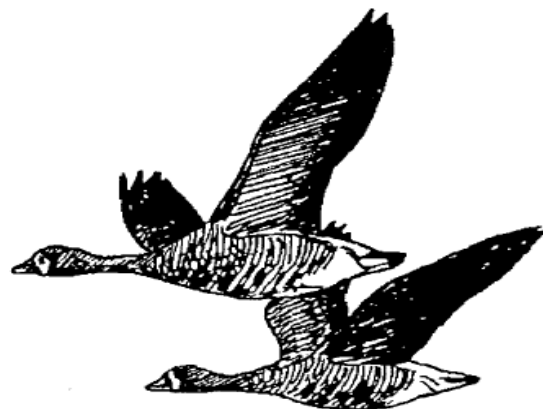
Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Continue participation in volunteer citizen precipitation gauge monitoring program

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD

Cost: NRBG In-kind



SHORELANDS

There are 49 lakes within Freeborn County, covering some 20,000 acres. Twenty-one (21) lakes, 33 water sources and 18 wetland basins are considered DNR protected. Bear Lake and Lower Twin Lakes have variable crest structures installed for the purpose of allowing temporary drawdown. Geneva Lake and Albert Lea Lake are considered for construction of a variable crest structure. Freeborn County adopted the Minnesota Shoreland Act and has revised and adopted DNR Shoreland Rules. Freeborn County is a member of the 37 County Joint Powers addressing Minnesota Rivers Shoreland Issues. Currently Fountain Lake has the greatest density of residential units in a shoreland area of all Freeborn County Shoreland areas. Continued pressure for residential development of remaining shoreland areas make this a priority concern for soil erosion. Currently no evidence exists to suggest the quantity of surface water available within Freeborn County will limit immediate or future lake uses. No wake or limited wake issues are enforced during high water periods on selected lakes. Tourism appears to have minimal effects on surface waters. We have taken steps to stop shoreland degradation and anticipate residential building may increase.

GOAL: **Protect and preserve existing shorelands**

Action: Follow MN DNR Standards for Management of Shoreland Areas – M.S. 6120

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County Zoning, DNR

Cost: NRBG

Action: Provide educational opportunities on shoreland protection

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, DNR, SWCD

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Work to preserve existing natural riparian vegetation or re-establish it

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department

Cost: NRBG

GOAL: Provide recreational opportunities on public waters

Action: Support Department of Natural Resources Lake Management Plans

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County

Cost: Unknown

Action: Work with DNR to up-grade public access onto Twin Lakes, Pickerel Lake and Bear Lake public waters

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, DNR

Cost: Unknown

Action: Assist in development of local lake management plans

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services, DNR, BWSR, Shell Rock River Watershed District, Turtle Creek Watershed District, citizen participation

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Apply for federal/state/local funding for lake management implementation

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Freeborn County

Cost: Unknown

Action: Protect/preserve/promote wildlife habitat

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, SWCD, DNR

Cost: NRBG In-kind

Action: Seek installation and operation of rough fish barriers on State Line Lake, Freeborn Lake, Fountain Lake, Albert Lea Lake, Twin Lakes, White Lake, Pickerel Lake, Geneva Lake and Bear Lake

Timeline: 2006 On-going

Agency: Environmental Services Department, DNR, Shell Rock River Watershed District

Cost: Unknown



WATERSHEDS AND THE LAKES WITHIN FREEBORN COUNTY

Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (MN DNR) assigned unique watershed identification numbers during 1981 to each watershed in the state. These unique five digit numbers can be broken down into two parts. The first two digits represent a major watershed. The last three digits represent a minor watershed. These unique minor watershed identification numbers were assigned without regard to hydrologic relationships and therefore cannot be used to establish a hydrologic order among minor watersheds.

Watershed boundary lines follow the height-of-land delineation. Height-of-land assessment is described from contour data or contour lines. Land surface topography, natural waterways and artificial drainage ditch systems represent an accurate hydrologic boundary. Minor watershed boundaries that incorporate artificial surface water drainage systems are most accurate as they will increase reliability of environmental impacts and present land use.

MN DNR Lake Management Rules include:

- Shoreland Management Act
- Minnesota Law 1973, Chapter 379
- Minnesota Statute 105
- Floodplain Management Act
- Wild and Scenic Rivers Act
- Minnesota Rules Chapter 6120

They were all designed to control development on lakeshores. They were based on the water's chemical, physical and biological characteristics.

MN DNR Lake classification system for shoreland management was based on development density, lake size and shape, natural characteristics of this water body (and shoreland) as well as state/region/county water needs.

The following is MN DNR Lake and Stream Classification System:

- Natural Environment – Those waters needing significant protection from development
- Recreational Development – Those waters which can support additional development and recreational use
- General Development – Those waters which will support high density development, multiple use and have significant existing development

MN DNR
UNIQUE NUMBER

30000 **Blue Earth River Watershed.** The west Central Part of Freeborn County lies within the Blue Earth River Major Watershed; the local drainage is from East to West along Foster Creek and the East Fork of the Blue Earth River.

Morin Lake

32000 **LeSuer River Watershed.** The northwestern portion of Freeborn is primarily within the LeSuer River Watershed. Regional drainage is from South to North along the LeSuer River and South to Northwest along the Big Cobb River and Cobb Creek.

	<u>DNR Classification</u>
Freeborn Lake	Natural Environment
Trenton Lake	Natural Environment
Penny Lake	Natural Environment

39000 **Cannon River Watershed.** The northeastern edge of Freeborn County lies within the Cannon River Major Watershed which drains to the North.

48000 **Cedar River Watershed.** The eastern part of Freeborn County lies primarily within the Cedar River Major Watershed. The regional drainage is from West to Southeast along Deer Creek, Mud Lake Creek, Woodbury Creek and Turtle Creek.

	<u>DNR Classification</u>
Geneva Lake	Natural Environment
Hickory Lake	Natural Environment

49000 **Shell Rock River Watershed.** The central portion of Freeborn County is within the Shell Rock River Watershed. In this area the local drainage is from North to South and major drainage channels are Bancroft Creek, Peter Lund Creek, Goose Creek and the Shell Rock River.

	<u>DNR Classification</u>
Halls Lake	Natural Environment
Mud Lake	Natural Environment
Sugar Lake	Natural Environment
School Section Lake	Natural Environment
White Lake	Recreational Development
Pickrel Lake	Recreational Development
Albert Lea Lake	Recreational Development
Fountain Lake	General Development
Upper Twin Lake	Natural Environment
Lower Twin Lake	Natural Environment
Church Lake	Natural Environment

50000 **Winnebago River Watershed.** The southwestern portion of Freeborn County lies primarily within the Winnebago River Major Watershed. In this area the regional drainage is from North to South toward the Minnesota – Iowa border. Local drainage is toward Steward and Lime Creeks

	<u>DNR Classification</u>
Bear Lake	Natural Environment
State Line Lake	Recreational Development

COOPERATIVE WORK WITH WATERSHED DISTRICTS

There are six major watersheds within Freeborn County. Within the Cedar River Watershed is Turtle Creek. A Turtle Creek Watershed District was initially formed in 1968. The Turtle Creek Watershed District revised their Management Plan to run 2003 – 2012. A Shell Rock River Watershed District was initially formed in 2003. The Shell Rock River Watershed District wrote their management plan in 2004. Both Watershed District’s Management Plans were part of Freeborn County’s local water plan review process. Both Watershed District’s Managements Plans contained goals and objectives that were incorporated into this 2006 – 2015 Water Plan. Both Watershed Districts play an essential part in Freeborn County’s local water planning. The pursuit of water resource protection is a common goal in all three Water Management Plans. Freeborn County supports the efforts of the Turtle Creek and Shell Rock River Watershed Districts protection of our water resources.

**FREEBORN COUNTY
COMPREHENSIVE WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
2006 – 2015**

PRIORITY CONCERNS SCOPING DOCUMENT

INTRODUCTION

Freeborn County is the Gateway to Southern Minnesota. This County has a land area of 720 miles, a 2005 population of 31,997, 14 incorporated cities and 20 townships. The County Seat is Albert Lea, which is located approximately 100 miles south of Minneapolis, MN. Some 81% of this County is farmed or used for rotational pasture.

LOCAL WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Freeborn County Environmental Health Coordinator is responsible for the Local Water Management Plan (LWMP). Development of an original Local Water Management Plan began in 1986. The first water plan was approved and adopted in 1990. This plan was revised in 1997, approved by the Board of Water and Soil Resources for a time period through December 31, 2005.

PRIORITY CONCERNS IDENTIFICATION

Freeborn County Local Water Management planning process of addressing priority concerns has included the following steps/actions:

- September 7, 2004 - Freeborn County Board of Commissioners signed a resolution to update the Local Water Plan
- September 10, 2004 – Written notice was sent to 5 contiguous counties, all 20 townships in Freeborn County, all 14 incorporated cities within Freeborn County, the Turtle Creek Watershed Board, the Shell Rock River Watershed Board, State Agencies (MPCA, MNDNR, MDA, MDH, BWSR, EQB) Unites States Fish and Wildlife Service, Freeborn County Soil and Water Conservation District, Freeborn County Farm Service Agency, Freeborn County Natural Resources Conservation Service, Freeborn County Chamber of Commerce Lakes Committee, Fountain Lake Sportsmen Club, Fountain Lake Association, Pork Producers, Cattlemen Association, Dairy Association, Corn and Soybean Growers, Ducks Unlimited, Pheasants Forever, League of Women Voters, and the Deer Hunters Association. The notice requested copies of local plans and official controls and further requested identification of any conflicts, problems or opportunities they would like examined in this process. We requested this information returned by December 31, 2004.
- November 15, 2004 – Meeting with Dave Petersen of BWSR and Freeborn County Staff to discuss the revised updating process

LIST OF PRIORITY CONCERNS

1. Minimize flood damage
2. Municipal storm water treatment/discharge
3. Individual sewage treatment systems
4. Preserve wetlands
5. Protect water resources from feedlot/animal manure
6. Protect and preserve existing shorelands

Attached is the summary of survey responses and the minutes from the November 22, 2004 public meeting.

PRIORITY CONCERN SELECTION

The Water Planning Advisory Committee reviewed all written information received from these surveys and oral information received during public meetings. We identified and compiled concerns that were common among information received. Freeborn County's Priority Concerns and concerns identified from local, regional and state agencies are very similar.

PRIORITY CONCERNS NOT ADDRESSED BY THIS PLAN

Local citizens, regional agencies and state government recognize agriculture practices dominate water quality in Freeborn County. Municipal waste water and storm water management was identified as concerns. All concerns identified in this input process are attempted to be included in this Water Management Plan.

PRIORITY CONCERN SELECTION

Following is a list of priority concerns received from state and local governments and the public.

State Agencies Priority Concerns:

MDH

1. Well head protection programs, plan development and plan implementation.
2. Non-community public water supply systems and the inner well management zone.
3. Water quality data bases for private wells

MPCA

1. Impaired waters/total maximum daily loads.
2. Lake monitoring and lake system management.
3. Drainage system management and open tile inlets.
4. Feedlots and land application of manure.
5. Involvement in watershed initiatives.

MDA

1. Conservation tillage and drainage.
2. Pesticides.
3. Manure management and individual sewage treatment systems

BWSR

1. Prevention of erosion of agricultural soils.
2. Drainage system maintenance and repair
3. Storm water runoff and sediment delivery from impervious surfaces

DNR

No comment received.

EQB

No comment received.

Local Government Priority Concerns:

City of Hartland

1. Storm water runoff (north and west part of city)
2. Storm water runoff (south and east part of city)
3. Reduction of phosphorus in rivers

City of Myrtle

1. Wastewater treatment system for the city

City of Freeborn

1. Erosion of shoreland on Freeborn Lake
2. Poor water quality of Freeborn Lake

Riceland Township

1. Flooding of public roadways
2. The return of agricultural land into ponds next to roadways
3. Conservation tillage (gone bad)

Freeborn County Soil and Water Conservation District

1. Surface water runoff quality/quantity
2. Gully erosion
3. Individual sewage treatment systems.

Turtle Creek Watershed District

1. Intergovernmental cooperation
2. Restructure and expand the Citizens Advisory Committee to establish strong connections for the Turtle Creek Watershed District
3. Financing - utilize planning, education and partnerships to cost effectively fulfill district goals and address water resource management issues.
4. Encourage partners and residents to work together on a lake management plan for Geneva Lake
5. Maintain the drainage system, research new and innovative projects to protect and benefit the system
6. Increase miles of ditch filterstrips through a buffer initiative
7. Protect and preserve topsoil while reducing sedimentation runoff into Turtle Creek
8. Develop baseline monitoring data for each sub watershed in the Turtle Creek Watershed
9. Preserve at or below 100 year flood elevations
10. Examine cost effective options to reduce agricultural and urban flood damages through wetland restorations
11. Examine cost effective options to reduce agricultural and urban flood damages through researching culverts
12. Understand watershed concept
13. Understand water resources
14. Communications - residents, landowners, local, state and federal government will be given updates of district initiatives, projects and challenges

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Public Participation in the Freeborn County water planning process has included the following:

1986: On June 23, Freeborn County passed a resolution to develop a Comprehensive Water Plan.

1989: October 1, Freeborn County completed a draft plan and submitted it to affected local units of government for review and comment under Chapter 110B of Minnesota Statutes.

October 1, Freeborn County submitted its draft plan to the Minnesota Departments of Agriculture, Health, Natural Resources, Pollution Control Agency, State Planning Agency, and the Minnesota Geological Survey for preliminary review and comment.

December 13, a public hearing was held on pursuant to Section 110B.08 Subd. 4 for the purpose of obtaining public input into the Water Plan.

1990: May 1, Freeborn County submitted its Water Plan along with written comments received, a record of the public hearing, and a summary of changes incorporated as a result of the review process to the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources.

September 18, the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources provided written comments to Freeborn County on its final plan.

October 24, the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources approved the Freeborn County Comprehensive Water Plan.

December 18, the Freeborn County Board of Commissioners approved and locally adopted its Comprehensive Water Plan.

Beginning in 1990: The Water Planning Advisory Committee meetings were held with the public participation in reviewing and discussing this water plan, and making recommendations for changes. Meeting dates were:

1991: January 10 and November 14.

1992: April 24 and June 15.

1993: January 22, April 30, May 18, July 1 and July 27.

1994: February 10 and April 13.

1995: February 15, Township Officers Meeting.

February 23, Public Information Meeting for revision of the Water Plan.

August 22, Consultant hired to provide technical assistance developing the revision of the County Water Plan.

1997: March 31, Township Officers Meeting.

October Revision of Comprehensive Water Plan distributed of State Agency and Local Units of Government review and comment.

Public participation is continuously received from interested individuals, municipalities, and local business which take an active interest in this process.

September 7, 2004: Freeborn County passed a resolution to revise the 1997 – 2005 Water Plan

September 10, 2004: Surveys were sent to state agencies, contiguous counties, city and township officials, agricultural organizations, environmental groups, watershed organizations, and interested individuals seeking input in development of the Priority Concern Document.

November 10, 2004: Freeborn County Water Planning Advisory Committee held a public meeting to update the public and seek additional input for development of the Priority Concerns that will be addressed in this water plan revision.

January 10, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

February 1, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

March 15, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

April 12, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

June 27, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

July 18, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

August 29, 2005: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting

December 14, 2005: Freeborn County submitted Priority Concerns Scoping Document to Minnesota Board of Soil and Water Resources (BWSR)

January 4, 2006: BWSR convene the Southern Minnesota Water Plan Review Committee to discuss Freeborn County 1997 – 2005 CWP and provide comment on resource protection, funding, staff and accomplishments as outlined in Priority Concerns Scoping Document

January 25, 2006: BWSR returns official comments pertaining to the State review of the Freeborn County Priority Concerns Scoping Document (PCSD) for the local water plan

March 27, 2006: Water Planning Advisory Committee Public Meeting – Recommend approval of the 2006 – 2015 Freeborn County Comprehensive Water Plan

May 2, 2006: Freeborn County held a public hearing at a regularly scheduled Commissioner Meeting to receive input on the proposed 2006 – 2015 Comprehensive Local Water Plan.

Acknowledgements

Freeborn County Board of Commissioners

Glen Mathiason	Commissioner 1 st District
Dan Belshan	Commissioner 2 nd District
Jim Nelson	Commissioner 3 rd District
Dave Mullenbach	Commissioner 4 th District
Mark Behrends	Commissioner 5 th District

Freeborn County Water Planning Advisory Committee

Don Kropp	Soil and Water Conservation District Board
Tom Butler	Turtle Creek Watershed
Ken Nelson	Shell Rock River Watershed
Tony Trow	Urban Citizen
Bob Larson	Township Association
Dan Belshan	County Commissioner
Glen Mathiason	County Commissioner
Steve Wirtz	City of Albert Lea
Andy Henschel	Watershed Field Technician
Richard Hoffman	Environmental Health Coordinator

County Agencies

Freeborn Environmental Services
Freeborn County Extension Service
Freeborn County Soil and Water Conservation District
Freeborn County Natural Resources Conservation Services

State Agencies

Board of Water and Soil Resources
Land Management Information Center
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
Minnesota Department of Health
Minnesota Extension Service
Minnesota Geological Survey
Minnesota Department of Transportation
Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
Water Resources Center, Mankato State University